

WEATHER BULLETIN.

UNITED STATES SIGNAL OFFICE,
WICHITA, KAN., APRIL 20, 1891.
The highest temperature was 72, the lowest 55, and generally a cloudy weather. The late rainfall .03 inch.
Local forecast for Wichita and vicinity—Fair and warmer.
Last year on April 20 the maximum temperature was 68, minimum 51, mean 60.
Two years ago the corresponding temperatures were 73, 45, and 60.

WICHITA, KAN., APRIL 20, 1891.
WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20, 9 p. m.—Forecast until 9 p. m. Tuesday.
For Missouri and Kansas—Showers Tuesday; southerly winds, stationary temperature.

THE OLD SIXTH.

BALTIMORE, April 20.—The Worcester Light Infantry—the latest descendant of the old Massachusetts Sixth, which will be remembered as the first armed and equipped regiment that marched to the relief of the national capital—arrived here yesterday at the same hour and over the same route traveled in 1861. On this day thirty years ago, the Sixth Massachusetts Infantry, commanded by Col. Edward F. Jones, was attacked by a mob while passing through the city and lost four of its men killed and many wounded. The observance of the anniversary was arranged for some time ago and the regiment, composed of the Sixth and the Massachusetts, will certainly destroy the last feeling of resentment over the deplorable event of 1861.

Major Davidson, representing the city, Col. W. H. Love, representing the state, and three G. A. R. posts received the delegation at Camden station and escorted them to the Carroll hotel, proceeding by land of music. Some of the old veterans of the Sixth were in line and were heartily cheered, particularly by those who participated in or witnessed their former reception in this city.

Upon arriving at Carrollton, Major Davidson, welcomed the visitors. He said: "It is not only my privilege, as it is the pleasure, as the city of Baltimore, to tender to you its freedom and hospitality. Without self praise or vain glory, the city of Baltimore has quite apart from the ordinary routine of business or pleasure. It is another of the many evidences of that broad and liberal spirit, ever to be expected and generally found in the brave and loyal veterans of the war, who have forgotten, long since, the heat and bitterness of the struggle between the states, and laid their hands for the future in the hands of generosity and kindness and brotherly affection."

"We welcome you to our southern land, whose people have forgotten you, and whose matter of history, the conflict which brought out so much of bravery, of fortitude, and so many of the other virtues which sprang from the noblest of motives, honest conviction; but whose people do not forget, while keeping green the graves of the soldiers of the lost cause, to spread the fragrant banner of peace upon the wounds which cover the sleeping dust of the Federal soldier."

"We welcome you to our city, our hearts and our homes are open to you, and you shall ever remember with profound pleasure the honor you have conferred upon us by your presence here."

Capt. Davis and Capt. Sisson, of the visiting delegation, replied, expressing great pleasure over the warm-hearted reception they had received.

An informal reception followed. The visitors returned until Tuesday, in the meantime receiving many attentions from our citizens.

CHAINED TO THE ROCK.

Prometheus was chained to the rock while vultures gnawed his entrails. So are many people chained to the rock of prejudice, which is a heavy burden, and which inflicts injury upon the sensitive lining of the stomach and intestines. They are apparently immovable in the chains that bind them, and they must keep dosing with drastic medicines, less the action of these is powerful and excessive, they are not satisfied. They feel distrustful of the gentler remedies, however effective. It is not such such, but that the acknowledged merits of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are recognized. This benign regulator of the stomach, the kidneys and the bowels appeals to the rational—not only appeals, but is awarded a just valuation. Constipation, liver complaint, dyspepsia and kidney troubles yield to its action. So also do malaria and rheumatism.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

PARIS, April 20.—A statement reproduced here from German papers declares that the French government is chagrined by a communication from the Russian minister at the demonstration made during the visit of the Empress Frederick to Paris.

This statement also says that when the attitude of the Emperor William seemed menacing, the czar, being sounded as to whether he was prepared to support France in the controversy, replied that he disapproved of the French government in permitting an insult to an imperial personage and his relative. The statement adds that this rebuke was keenly felt for a long time, and that the modifying the pro-Russian program of the foreign office.

A striking example of French subservience to the Russian will has just occurred in club circles. Young De Giers, an attaché of the Russian embassy, son of the Russian secretary of state for foreign affairs, introduced at a leading club as a temporary member. At the expiration of the term of the temporary membership he proposed his friend for permanent membership, and the committee found the candidate objectionable and wrote De Giers advising him to withdraw his nomination. De Giers was irritated and refused to do so.

The committee again advised the withdrawal of the nomination, whereupon Baron de Mohrenheim interposed and wrote the committee that the candidate was blackballed he would cause every member of the Russian embassy to resign. A number of club members desired to present the ambassador, a strong dividend on the proportions of a diplomatic incident, the committee finally decided that it would be better to admit the candidate. The other club members, however, declared that the dictatorial tone of De Mohrenheim ought to be repulsed. Not the least curious feature of the episode is a report that this has been in the pay of the Russian secret service.

Salvation. C. H. the patent eradicator and family medicine is only 25 cents a bottle. Very sensible—To Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc.

"PROHIBITION BEER."

BUNSWICK, Me., April 20.—Prof. F. C. Robinson, the noted chemist of Bowdoin college, has made a public statement in the "prohibition beer" which Maine people have been drinking of late years. The professor says: "I cannot but warn the people of Maine and the people of Massachusetts against the light beers which are now being put so extensively on the market. They come within the law, as they do not contain over 1 per cent of alcohol, but it is far better for a man to stick to raw whiskey than to indulge in this prohibition beer. The injurious effect of this beer lies in the fact that quite a percentage of the compound is salicylic acid that is added to act as a preservative, and could occur on account of the absence of yeast. There is hardly any of Bright's disease. There is hardly any of Bright's disease. There is hardly any of Bright's disease. There is hardly any of Bright's disease."

A FATAL FALL.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., April 20.—Henry Kitchin, a veteran of the civil war and a well-known farmer living in this vicinity, went to the pension agent's office this afternoon to apply for a pension. While walking down stairs he slipped and fell to the bottom, breaking his neck and killing himself instantly.

TO EXPLORE GREENLAND.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Lieut. Peary, of the navy, who will soon start upon an expedition to the north pole, is now exploring Greenland, will carry with him a handsome flag, which he expects to plant upon the most northern point of that unknown land. The flag is a beautiful one of silk, about five feet by three, on a staff surmounted by a golden eagle, and was presented to him by the National Geographical society, to whom it had been given for the purpose by Miss Ulrica Dahlgren, a daughter of the great admiral.

Lieut. Peary spent 1883 in Greenland, and makes his second expedition under the joint auspices of the National Geographical society, of this city, the American Geographical society, of New York, and the Philosophical society of Philadelphia. His trip in 1883 was on foot, his only companion being Christian Malmgren, a Danish official, as his purpose to make the journey on dogs and sledges was prevented by the desertion of the Eskimos and the animals. So the trip was a mere reconnaissance, as Lieut. Peary regards it, but one of splendid preparation for the present undertaking.

His plan is to have a party of five or six men to be landed at Whale Sound late in June, and to start on their journey during the summer, putting up houses, getting supplies, and making reconnoissances, and if the season permits, establishing a winter station in practice on the southern shore of the ice of the Ham-boldt glacier. The winter will be spent in building sledges, arranging clothing and food, and in making reconnoissances. Four or five of them will start in the early spring of 1892 over the ice to Humboldt glacier, and the remainder will remain at the station.

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the top floor of the Stuyvesant avenue house. After the body was placed in the coffin, it was found that it could not be carried through the narrow doors and stairway, and it was found necessary to lower it from a window. Two stout men placed the coffin against the side of the house made a derrick, and after the window frame was removed the burden was lowered to the street with a pulley block. It was then carried to the hearse by a dozen men and taken to Holy Cross cemetery at Flatbush. Mrs. Rafferty was apparently well on the morning before the day she died. She had just recovered from an internal trouble, and was sitting by an open window when she complained of dizziness and sore throat. Pneumonia developed and she died within thirty-six hours. She was buried on Friday afternoon.

BRIEFS.

An artillery company at Portsmouth, Eng., mutinied Sunday. The men complained of excessive drilling and other hard work. The leaders were arrested. The action of Gladys Evelyn against William H. Hurlbut, formerly editor of the New York World, for breach of promise, which was tried in London for the last week, resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

Scarlet fever is reported to have broken out among the students at Yale college. The case of the state of Missouri against Edward T. Noland, the defaulting state treasurer, has again been continued and set for trial on May 15.

The bill to prevent women from appearing on the stage in the state of Minnesota with nothing on in particular was finally defeated in the legislature. The winners of yesterday's races at Memphis were Kinney, Timberland, Sherman, Red Light, Fan King and Bob L. Shawhan and Shaver, the rivalists, are conducting a revival at Newton, Kan. About seventy-five of the McPherson county have come down to take part in Saturday's meeting.

The United States supreme court will hear no arguments after May 1. The court will take a two week's recess after the 1st, and then adjourn for the term. The Call men in the Florida legislature have decided that no election shall take place until after a caucus nomination under the two party rule. A ballot was taken yesterday in the Florida legislature. Harry Carleton, of Lawrence, lately released from the Topeka insane asylum, has been again taken into custody. His present mania is a delirium of the nature of the management of the asylum. He is a brother of Hon. C. C. Carleton.

Attorney General Miller, though somewhat better, is still weak and unable to leave his room. At Oldtown, Md., yesterday morning, John Lutman shot and killed a man. He fatally wounded another, and then shot and killed himself.

CHAUNCEY WORKED.

LABANUS, Wyo., April 20.—While the last mail was being carried by the express, Messrs. Depew, Vanderbilt and Twombly expressed themselves by walking up and down the platform vigorously. Just before the train started, a man in a box-car, who had floated in from the west during the night, approached Mr. Depew and said:

"Hello, Mr. Depew; don't you know me?"

"Well, I do not at present recall your features."

"What? My name is John Reed, of Saratoga Springs, N. Y. I used to work in the United States Liberty Station, there, and used to take care of your rig."

"Now, Mr. Depew, I'm a pilgrim. I'm far away from home, and want you to pass me home again."

"Why, I can't pass you over this road," replied Mr. Depew. "There, there," he said, and he reached down in his pantaloons and pulled out his purse. "There," he said, and he handed the tattered and foot sore tramp a \$5 bill. The tramp looked at the money and said: "The spectators laughed outright at the situation, and Mr. Depew, thinking he had been duped, turned to the crowd and said: "Does he play cards?"

"The tramp, who was equal to Chauncey at repartee, laughingly remarked: "What is the use of having friends if you don't use them; that's what I want to do."

The crowd roared with laughter, and Mr. Depew and friends joined in it heartily. John Reed proceeded to a whiskey joint and was soon drinking to the health of the granger candidate.

PROMOTED.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Col. Augustus Valentine Kautz, Eighth Infantry, retired today appointed brigadier general, in place of Gen. John Gibbon, who retired today, aged 64. Gen. Kautz is president of the small arms committee of the New York. He served successfully in the Mexican war, Rogue river and Puget sound Indian wars. He was first lieutenant, captain of cavalry and major general in the volunteer army. He was afterwards breveted colonel in the regular service and is now promoted to brigadier general. He served in the Mexican campaign. Whether or not Gen. Kautz will be appointed to the command of the department of Dakota is not yet determined. Gen. Kautz is nearly 64 years of age and will retire on this account January 3, next.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—Gen. John Gibbon, commanding the division of the Pacific, went upon the retired list at noon today. Two orders were issued from the head quarters of the division of these Gen. Gibbon relinquishes command. In the other Brig. Gen. Thomas Ruger assumed command.

OBITUARY.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 20.—Dr. James K. Thatcher, professor of physiology in Yale college, died suddenly this morning of pneumonia, which was the result of a cold. He was a native of New York. He served successfully in the Mexican war, Rogue river and Puget sound Indian wars. He was first lieutenant, captain of cavalry and major general in the volunteer army. He was afterwards breveted colonel in the regular service and is now promoted to brigadier general. He served in the Mexican campaign. Whether or not Gen. Kautz will be appointed to the command of the department of Dakota is not yet determined. Gen. Kautz is nearly 64 years of age and will retire on this account January 3, next.

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PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

LONDON, April 20.—In the house of commons to night Mr. Chaplin, president of the board of agriculture, stated that pleuro-pneumonia had been detected in two animals landed at Deptford from Baltimore, that the United States veterinary authorities had been informed of the fact, and that the report of the United States authorities coincided with him in this.

THE MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 20.—The legislature adjourned today sine die without having passed any of the radical bills which had so aroused the fears of the business community, and caused so much and such a universal feeling of uneasiness throughout the country. In his closing remarks, the speaker, Champin said that the members could go home feeling that they had done no harm.

FRENCH GRAIN DUTIES.

PARIS, April 20.—According to a leading Marseilles paper the government, in view of the prospective failure in the harvest of wheat and the danger of a famine, propose in the chambers a temporary suspension of the tariffs on cereals. That the proposition is true is probable, but it is notable as an indication of the extent to which the government during the tariff debate, in the face of the diminution of the crops,

BASE BALL.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

AT WASHINGTON.
Game called after 7th inning on account of rain.
Washington..... 3 0 0 0 1 0 1-4
Cincinnati..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Base hits—Washington 11; Cincinnati 1-4.
Errors—Washington 3; Cincinnati 4.
Pitchers—Baker and McMahon.

Ten tens..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Cincinnati..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Base hits—Cincinnati 8; Washington 7.
Errors—Cincinnati 1; Washington 4.
Pitchers—McGill and Gaither.

AT LOUISVILLE.
Louisville..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
St. Louis..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Base hits—Louisville 11; St. Louis 4.
Errors—Louisville 1; St. Louis 4.
Pitchers—Daly and Neal.

AT BOSTON.
Boston..... 2 1 1 0 0 0 0-0
Athletics..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Base hits—Athletics 9; Boston 4.
Errors—Boston 1; Athletics 4.
Pitchers—Chamberlain and Farrell.

AT DENVER.
The Denver-National game was postponed on account of wet ground.

AT LINCOLN.

Lincoln..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Milwaukee..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Base hits—Lincoln 11; Milwaukee 11.
Errors—Lincoln 1; Milwaukee 4.
Pitchers—O'Day and Davies.

A VILLAIN CAPTURED.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 20.—Sheriff Mead, of Clay county, arrested James Beck and a female companion, a young lady about 18 years of age, just as the Rock Island passenger train from the west arrived here about midnight Sunday. They had taken the train on which the sheriff was riding in search of them at a small station west of here. Beck was wanted at Sprague, Neb. and small town about six miles southwest of Lincoln, for stealing a span of mules and a light wagon, belonging to an honest & Co., of that place. He was a village school teacher and ran away with one of his scholars, a young girl, 18, leaving a wife and three children. The parties were lodged in jail here over night and sent yesterday morning to the sheriff for Nebraska today.

A DEGENERATED PLANT.

DES MOINES, Ia., April 20.—George S. Boone, a well known local doctor, descended of Daniel Boone, was arrested and brought here for trial today. He is charged with pension frauds. Boone served in the Mexican war, and his father was a Union soldier. The father is dead, and the son, it is alleged, has been drawing a pension.

MARSHALLS IN MADAGASCAR.

MARSEILLE, April 20.—The latest mails from Madagascar bring a report that the Sakavata had been arrested by the governor of Topeka and fifty-seven Hovan soldiers, after the Sakavata king had promised the governor an audience. The Sakavata king was a native of Topeka. The Hovan custom officials were also murdered.

TOPOLOBOAMPO.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 20.—J. W. Bridenthal, of Neosho, Mo., candidate for the People's party nomination for United States senator, has issued a call for a convention, to be held in this city May 5, for the purpose of discussing and furthering the interests of the colony of socialists at Topolobampo bay, Mexico.

BURNED TO DEATH.

MUNCIE, Ind., April 20.—Samuel Hardesty was burned to death yesterday evening. While she was out of the house the national gas light went out and she was left in the room. When she came back and lighted a match there was a terrific explosion. She was knocked senseless and burned so badly that she died in a few hours.

MAYOR WASHBURN.

CHICAGO, April 20.—When the official canvassing board met this morning to do the duty of the late election Mayor Cregier, through his attorney, withdrew all objections to the canvass, as completed last week, and asked that Hempstead Washburn be declared mayor elect.

A DYNAMITE BLAST.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., April 20.—While working on a canal, yesterday afternoon, moving an unexploded charge which had been prepared for blast in a stone quarry below this city, it exploded, killing two men and seriously wounding several others.

GIBSON INDICTED.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The federal grand jury returned an indictment this morning against George J. Gibson, former secretary of the whiskey trust, on the charge of actual bribery in connection with the blow up of Shufeldt's distillery. A capias for his arrest has been issued.

MICHAEL DAVITT.

LONDON, April 20.—William Henry Smith, first lord of the treasury, in the house of commons today, replying to a question regarding the omission of Michael Davitt's name from the list of the royal harbor commission, said the fact that Mr. Davitt had been convicted of treason and felony unfitted him to sit on the commission.

LYNCHED FOR RAPE.

GLOSTER, Ark., April 20.—A negro boy named Charles Curtis was taken from the county jail at Liberty last night by a mob of about seventy-five white citizens and hanged to a tree and burned literally. The unfortunate victim met his fate as an attempt to rape an 8-year-old white girl.

THE TOBACCO CROP.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The census office today announced that the average yield of tobacco for 1890, showing an increase over the last census of 55,233 acres and 19,032,440 pounds.

THE POISONED FEAST.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 20.—Another victim is counted to the poison in the food at the wedding feast at Lyndon, Ky., B. Snooks, father of the bride, died of the poison at his home at Eminence today. Of the others, five are not considered out of danger. The others are considered better.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

New Ideas in Decorative Work on Articles That Combine Use and Beauty.

A simple style of decoration just now finding favor takes the form of a number of roundels or wafers worked in chain stitch upon a linen or serge foundation. These wafers are begun in the middle and are worked in enlarging circles round and round till they are about the size of a copper two cent piece. Sometimes five rows are placed round the edge of a tea cloth or quilt, the wafers in each row being a trifle smaller than those in the preceding row, till the smallest are only the size of peas. For variety they can be arranged in groups of five, three or seven, scattered at equal distance from the background. Upon a silk or satin foundation the wafers are not unfrequently made of strands of gold thread, which are placed as closely as possible together, and sewn down with fine but strong yellow silk.

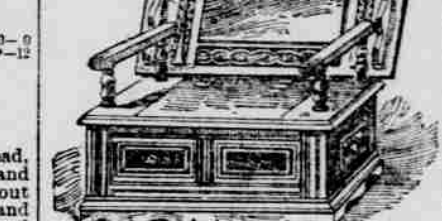
The most fashionable nightdress sachets are very large, from 18 to 22 inches square. They are all wadded and scented. They are made as a square pocket, open at one side, or as a round sachet, open at the top, and bordered with cord or turned up to lace. Ivory satin would be best, with the monogram painted in letters formed of flowers, and accompanied by sprays of flowers.

A very quaint and pretty novelty in pin cushions is a deep velvet spoon, first enamelled white, and when dry, painted with small flowers and grasses in brown and gold bronze. A small cushion of light blue satin is fixed in the bowl of the spoon with glue, and the spoon is then gracefully worked with light blue ribbon. It is a surprising thing, but the points should have found their way from dress to pin cushion.

work. Gorgeous though their appearance be, they are not appropriate to every article of home decoration. They are especially unsuitable for cushion covers, their unyielding surface rendering them anything but comfortable when the cushion is required for use. Perhaps they are more satisfactory for the decoration of work or theater bags made of plush or shot surlin, upon which much splendor may be lavished. Very dainty are goods for slipping over a dish of hot tea cakes or scones. These are usually made round in shape, and a trifle larger than the dish they are to cover. They are thickly wadded, and covered with soft silk drawn up to the top, where it forms a tall rosette, which serves as a handle. Round the lower part is stretched a band of embroidered plush or velvet, which may be as ornamental as it is possible to make it.

Fancies in Furniture.

Old oak furniture is having a renaissance, and medieval designs in modern work are seen sufficiently to show that there is a fancy for them on the part of many. Not only dining rooms but bedrooms are furnished in oak. They look a trifle somber,



CARVED BENCH IN OLD OAK.

however, would make most people feel melancholy in bad weather. A quaint piece in oak in imitation of an ancient monk's bench is shown in our cut. It can be quickly converted into a table by turning over the back, which is handsomely carved on both sides. House linen or clothes are usually kept in the box beneath the seat.

Folks who have gilded looking glasses can use them, and be in the latest fashion. They will be all the more in vogue by turning over the back, which is handsomely carved on both sides. House linen or clothes are usually kept in the box beneath the seat.

An old new bedroom suit is in shrimp pink, decorated with quaint Japanese pictures. The washstand is furnished with a couple of silk curtains.

One of the most useful of decorated bits of furniture is the corner cupboard filled with triangular shelves and fitted with glass doors.

The little table is a very popular piece of furniture and the number of charming forms which it takes on can hardly be enumerated. There are solid small tables of carved oak, Japanese tables fitted with shelves after the fashion of a cabinet, Turkish coffee tables inlaid with mother of pearl or silver, and wicker tables in fanciful shapes, bronzed or finished in glossy enamel paint of some delicate tint. Especially popular are the ivory enameled tables which come in many graceful forms and show a hand painted decoration of tiny flowers dotted over the surface, or large bunches and sprays of handsome blossoms that look as if carelessly thrown down upon the table.

Culinary Points Worth Knowing.

Put a fresh lemon very carefully without breaking the white inner skin put it inside a wild duck; a lemon kept there for forty-eight hours will remove all the strong taste often so unpleasant in wild fowl. The lemon should be changed every twelve hours. To flavor and make tender a joint of roast beef, and to give variety to the family table, the best is the usual meat, nothing more is required than a large lemon; cut it in two pieces, squeeze all the juice upon the meat, then, after peeling the lemon, roll it up in the joint (ribs of beef, etc.). When the lemon is used a fat piece of meat is the usual good gravy, the lemon acid removing the oily taste sometimes objected to.

Cocoonat Pudding.

Simmer three tablespoonfuls of grated cocoonat in one pint of milk for about twenty minutes; beat up three eggs, add two ounces of sugar and a few chopped almonds; stir this into the milk, and stir over the fire for a few minutes; then pour into a buttered pie dish and bake for three-quarters of an hour. If desiccated cocoonat is used it should soak for two hours in the warm milk.

Still in Marrying Mood.

Age cannot wither nor custom stale the desire of some people to get married. Lucas Corne, aged eighty-two and very decrepit, has wedded Mary Frezer, aged forty-seven, at Columbus, Ind. The groom has been three times married and raised a family of eight children, while the bride has been married four times besides this and four times divorced. All of her husbands are yet alive except one who was drowned. She has a family of three children.

A Good Starter.

"What are you going to do with your boy?"

"I think of getting him on the police force."

"Has he any special qualifications?"

"Well, he is never around when he is wanted!"—Puck.

AN OLD FAVORITE.

[This poem was written when Langlan was on the staff of the New York World. A Londoner, the great Altkood, was saying that the Altkood of Swat was dead.]

What, what, what,
What the news from Swat?
No news,
Bad news,
Comes by the cable led
Through the Indian Ocean's bed,
That the great Altkood, the best
Swa, and the Med.
Herran—Altkood's dead!
The Altkood is dead!

For the Altkood I mourn,
Who would he?
He strove to disregard the message stern,
But he Altkood'd!
Dead, dead, dead,
(Sorrow, Swat)
Swa,